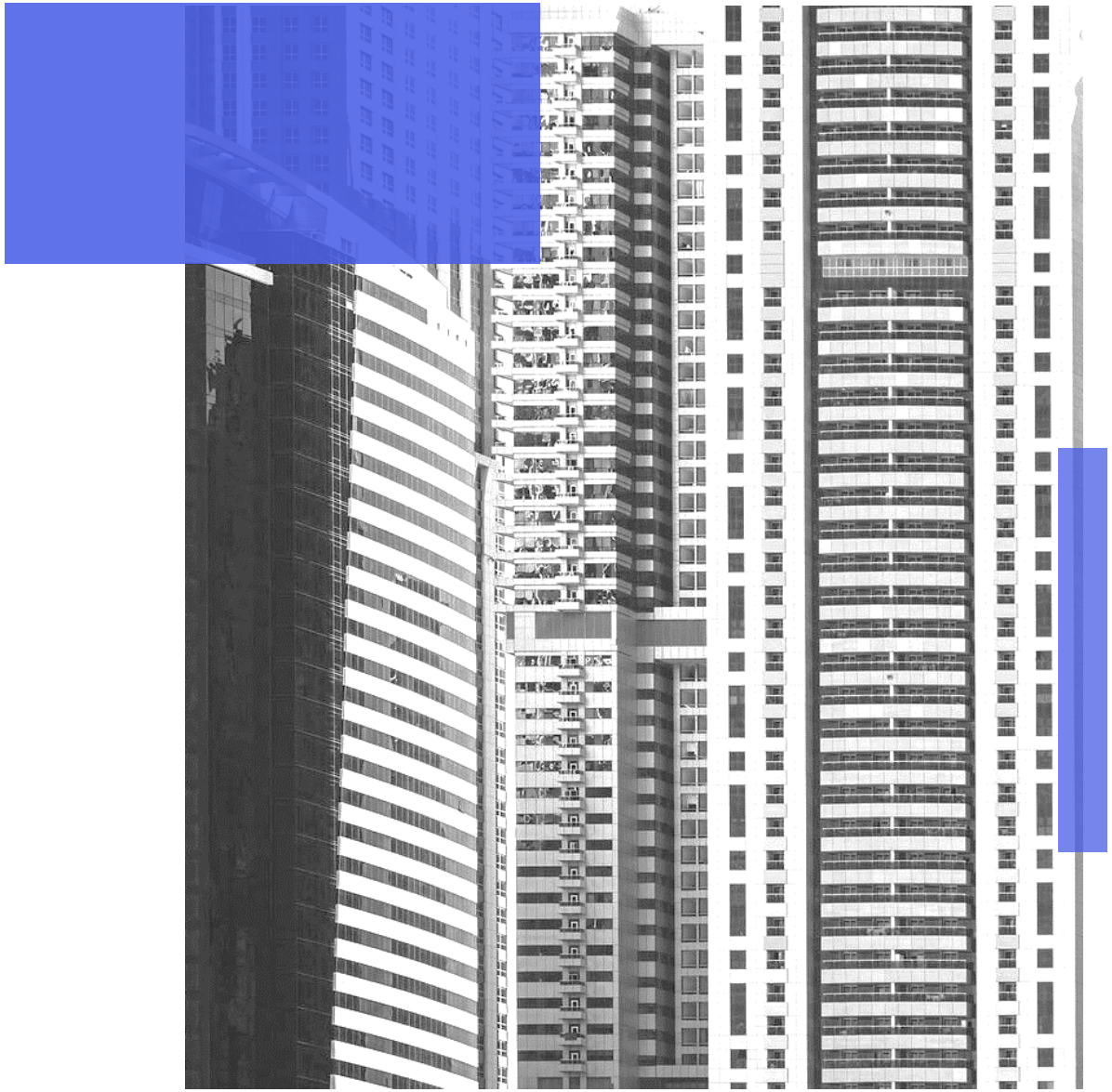
MATT(S)

GENERIC CONFERENCE PRESENTATION



CURRENT PHYSICAL DEPLOYMENT

67 ARKIME SENSORS **6.3PB**

33 ELASTICSEARCH SERVERS **3.1PB**

29 PACKET BROKERS

2023

Expand

7 Arkime servers **3.4pb**

2 Elasticsearch nodes **0.5pb**

Upgrade

Buildout new lab environment

Upgrade to version 4.X

Optimize

Filtering is hard

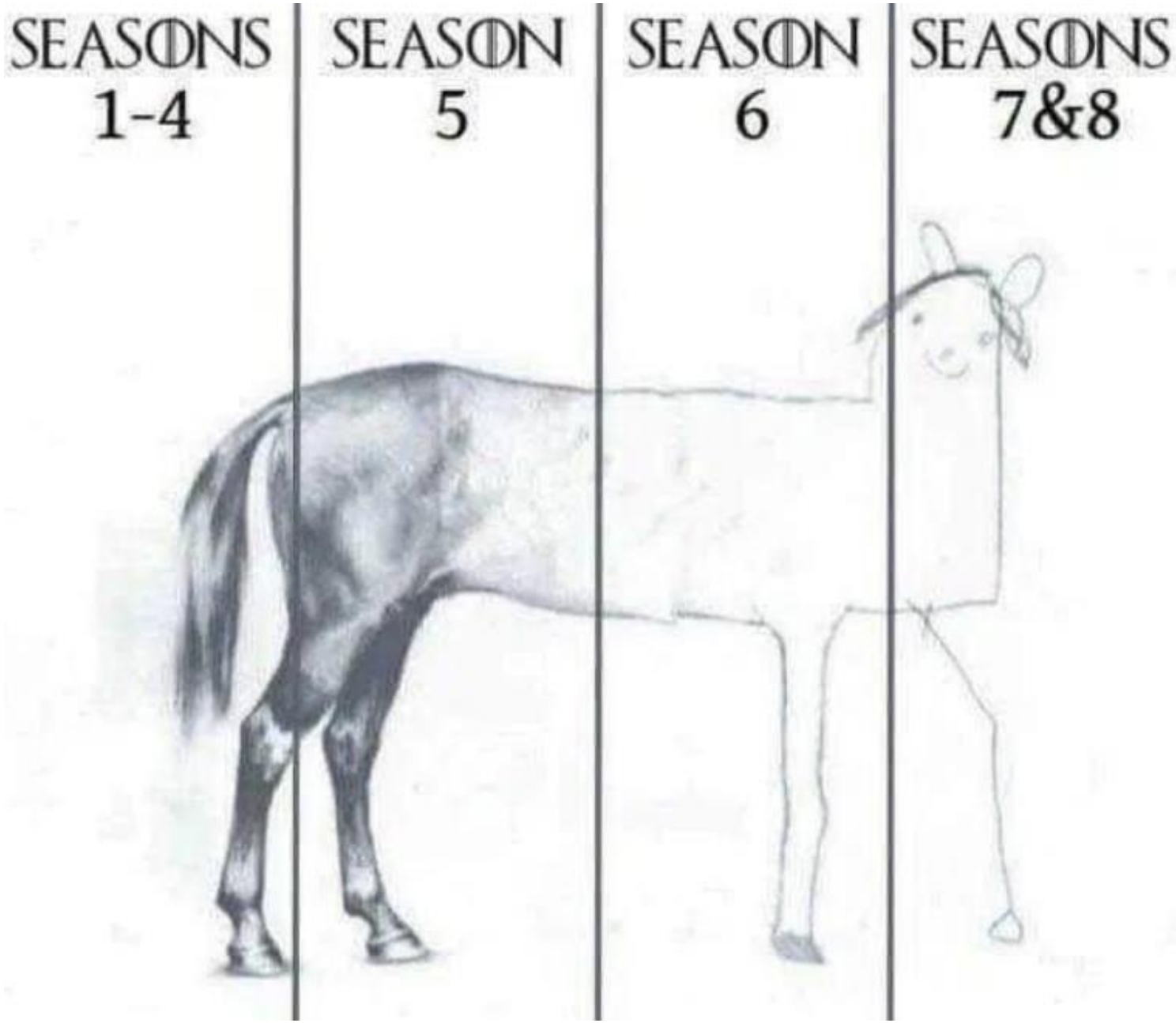
Documentation & Automation

FILTERING IS HARD

SECURITY RELEVANT

POTENTIALLY SECURITY RELEVANT

NOT SECURITY RELEVANT

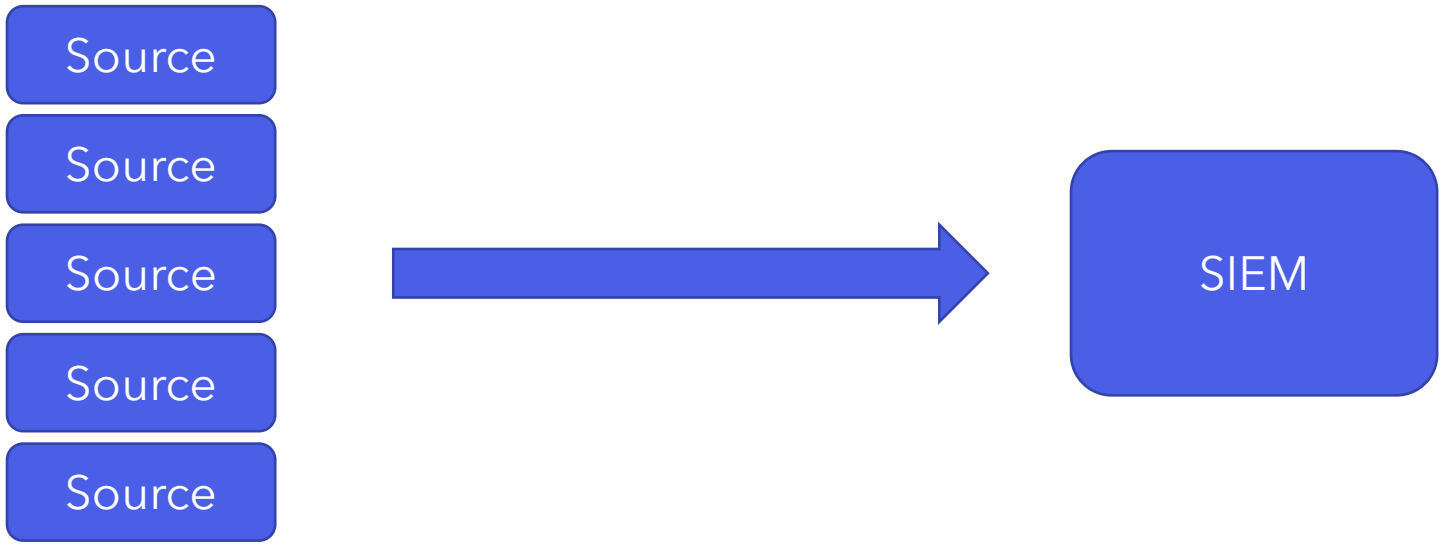

SEASONS
1-4
SEASON
5
SEASON
6
SEASONS
7&8

USER MANAGEMENT

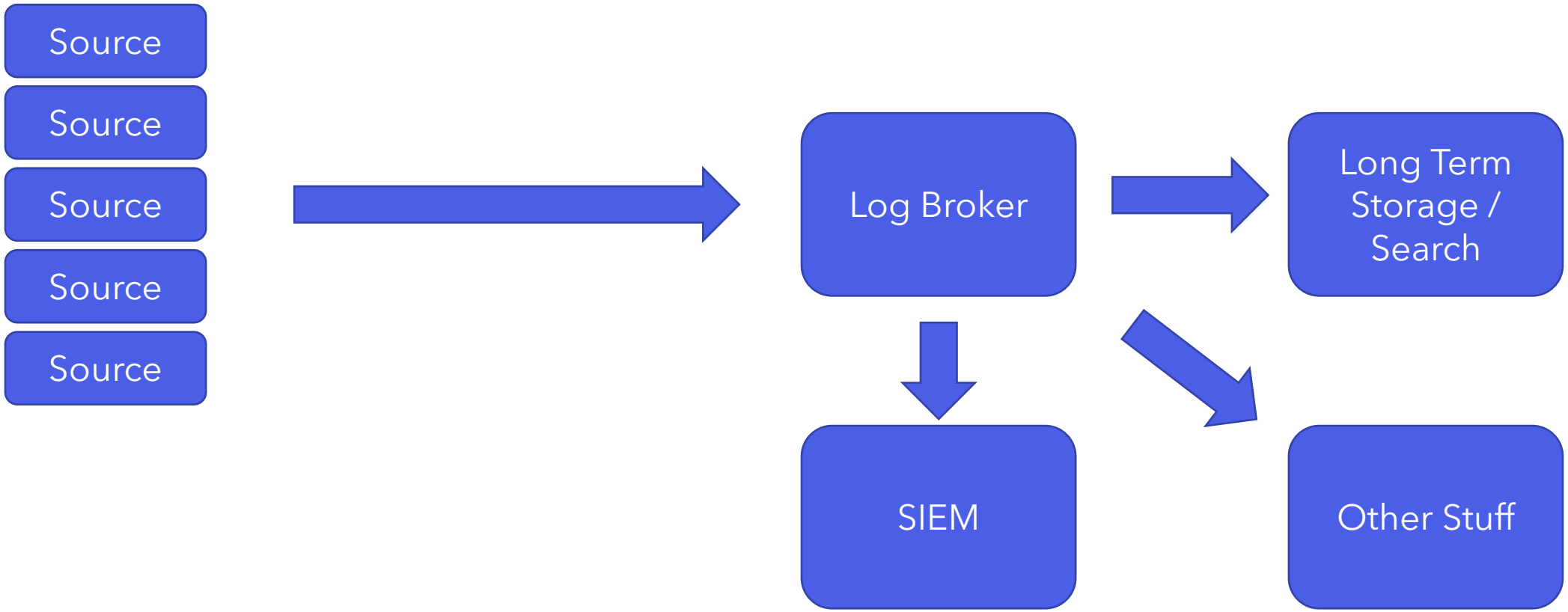
- Access is automatically provisioned from SailPoint using the Arkime API
- Authentication handled by Apache for Azure AD integration and MFA

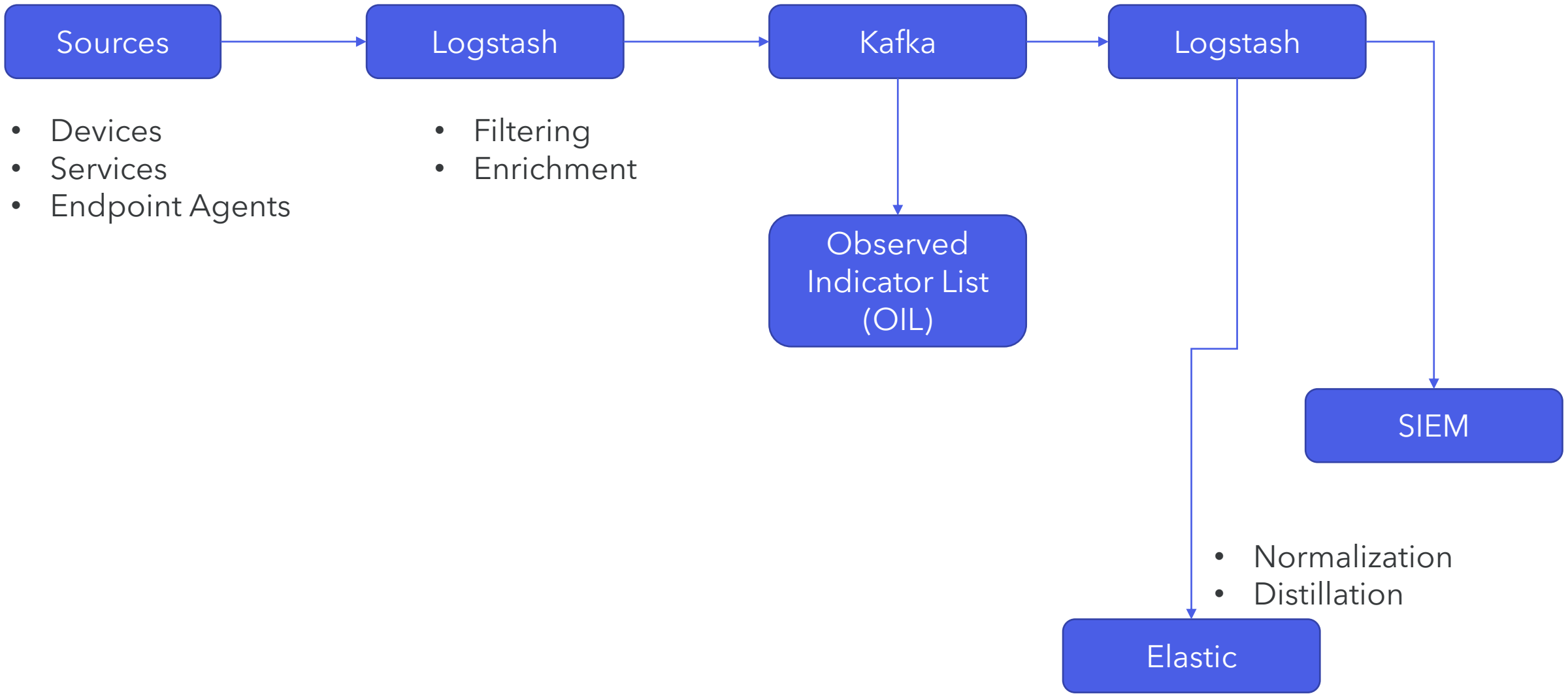
WISE

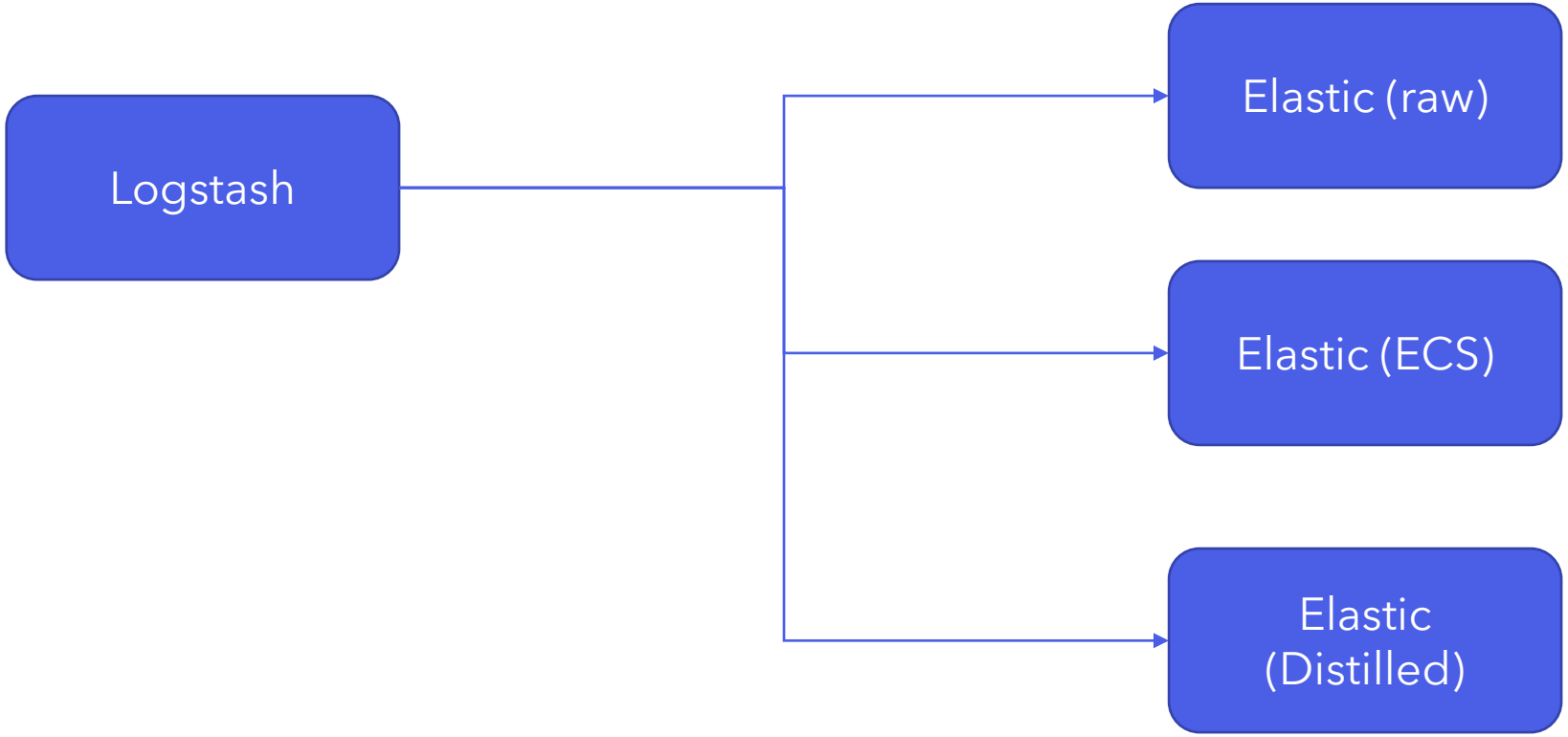
- Run Redis on each sensor
- Use dynomite (https://github.com/Netflix/dynomite) to write to all of them at once
- Load up Redis with asset data, user awareness, Newly Observed Domains, threat feeds, etc



- Slow to search
- Can’t send logs to other applications
- Retention sucks
- Giant pain in the ass to change vendors


Source
Source
Source
Source
Source
Log Broker
Long Term Storage / Search
SIEM
Other Stuff


Sources
Logstash
Kafka
Logstash
Devices
Services
Endpoint Agents
Filtering
Enrichment
Observed Indicator List (OIL)
SIEM
Normalization
Distillation
Elastic


Logstash
Elastic (raw)
Elastic (ECS)
Elastic
(Distilled)

DISTILLED EVENTS

- Input is a raw log (e.g. an apache web log)
- Output is an event (e.g. “customer X password reset from IP Y”)
- Events are much smaller, so we can store them for way longer and search them more quickly
- Events are normalized so we can create a unified timeline of events from a diverse set of sources

REDIS

- Redis is an O(1) key / value store
- Data resides in memory, but also writes to disk at configured time intervals

```
root@1b84e5a6a07d:~# redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> set foo bar
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> get foo
"bar"
127.0.0.1:6379> set foo baz
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> get foo
"baz"
```

OBSERVED INDICATOR LIST (OIL)

- Every time we see a flow, shove it in a Redis database, using the IPs as keys
- Redis then contains the most recent time we've seen any given flow
- When we want to know if we've ever seen an indicator in our environment, we just check the OIL

```
root@9d254e51c077:~# redis-cli get oil:8.8.8.8
"/netflow/by-date/2017/11/15/dtc_core_qdb3_7010_2/nfcapd.201711151635:10.25.67.6:8.8.8.8:0:0.0:ICMP"
```

MEGA OBSERVED INDICATOR LIST (MEGAOIL)

- OIL all the things!
- Key is any atomic indicator we want to find
- Value is a log entry, flow, asset record, email address, domain, or anything else
- Web interface allows us to paste in hundreds of IOCs and get results back in seconds

MEGAOIL SOURCES

- Netflow
- EDR events (TODO)
- Azure logs
- Firewall logs
- Zscaler
- Asset database
- Citrix
- Okta
- DHCP
- CoxSight

COXSIGHT

- Passively create an asset database by monitoring security logs
  - Device type
  - Hostname / IP mappings
  - Device owner(s)
- Linux and Windows authentication logs
- Port 22 / 3389 traffic from endpoint agents and firewall logs

COUNT SOCULA

- API gateway to query all of the things and return Elastic Common Schema

COUNT SOCULA ENDPOINTS

- Passive DNS
- Indicator parser
- Carbon Black Response
- GeoIP
- VPN check
- LDAP lookups
- Asset lookups